



Día Mundial del SIDA

Diciembre 1, 2009



En 1981 médicos estadounidenses observaron por primera vez la aparición de un peculiar trastorno de deficiencia inmunitaria. Tres años después, investigadores del Instituto Pasteur de París y del Instituto Nacional del Cáncer de Washington aislaron el virus de la inmunodeficiencia humana (VIH). Desde que se identificó por primera vez, el VIH se ha cobrado más de 25 millones de vidas, y se calcula que más de 33 millones de personas en el mundo están infectadas con el VIH. Aunque no se ha encontrado aún una cura, los tratamientos antirretrovíricos han mejorado con el tiempo.

En 1988 la Organización Mundial de la Salud (OMS) declara el 1 de diciembre **Día Mundial del SIDA** con el fin de recordar a aquellos que han perdido sus vidas a causa de esta enfermedad, y de comprometernos a promover su prevención, tratamiento e investigación a través de la educación y de la movilización de personas e instituciones. El lema de este año: *Trabajando Juntos*, refleja el esfuerzo que vienen realizando los países por combatir este mal.

Para conmemorar este día, el **Centro de Documentación de la Embajada de los Estados Unidos de América** tiene el agrado de hacerle llegar este material contenido una serie de sitios Web en inglés y español que pueden ser de su interés.

El Centro de Documentación o *IRC* por su sigla en inglés (*Information Resource Center*) tiene como principal objetivo apoyar los programas de la Embajada brindando información actualizada y confiable sobre los Estados Unidos en diversas áreas tales como: Economía y Comercio, Propiedad Intelectual, Legislación, Democracia, Derechos Humanos, Tráfico de Personas, Seguridad y Terrorismo, Medio Ambiente, Ciencia y Tecnología, SIDA, Drogas y Narcotráfico, Educación y Cultura, Sociedad y Valores. **Por más información puede contactarse a ircmvd@state.gov o al 413 05 13.**

Resources in English

U.S. Government Resources

America.gov

Global Challenges: Beating AIDS

<http://www.america.gov/aids.html>

America.gov delivers information about current U.S. foreign policy and about American life and culture. It is produced by the U.S. Department of State's Bureau of International Information Programs.



Office of National AIDS Policy

The White House - Office of National AIDS Policy

<http://www.whitehouse.gov/administration/eop/onap>

About ONAP

The Office of National AIDS Policy (ONAP) is part of the White House Domestic Policy Council and is tasked with coordinating the continuing efforts of the government to reduce the number of HIV infections across the United States. The Office emphasizes prevention through wide-ranging education initiatives and helps to coordinate the care and treatment of citizens with HIV/AIDS



**The United States President's
Emergency Plan for AIDS Relief**

**The U.S. President's
Emergency Plan for AIDS
Relief**

<http://www.pepfar.gov/>

About PEPFAR

On July 30, 2008, H.R. 5501, the Tom Lantos and Henry J. Hyde United States Global Leadership Against HIV/AIDS, Tuberculosis, and Malaria Reauthorization Act of 2008 was signed into law, authorizing up to \$48 billion over the next 5 years to combat global HIV/AIDS, tuberculosis, and malaria.

In 2003, the U.S. President's Emergency Plan for AIDS Relief (PEPFAR) was launched to combat global HIV/AIDS - the largest commitment by any nation to combat a single disease in history. The initial legislative authorization for PEPFAR is P.L. 108-25, the United States Leadership Against Global HIV/AIDS, Tuberculosis, and Malaria Act of 2003.

Through FY2013, PEPFAR plans to work in partnership with host nations to support:

Treatment for at least 3 million people

Prevention of 12 million new infections

Care for 12 million people, including 5 million orphans and vulnerable children

To meet these goals and build sustainable local capacity, PEPFAR will support training of at least 140,000 new health care workers in HIV/AIDS prevention, treatment and care.

AIDS.gov

<http://www.aids.gov/>

Access to U.S. Government HIV/AIDS Information



HIV/AIDS Awareness Days

<http://www.hhs.gov/aidsawarenessdays/days/world/index.html>

Educate, Motivate and Mobilize against HIV/AIDS



Department of Health and Human Services

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention – Department of Health and Human Services <http://www.cdc.gov/hiv/>

Your Online Source for Credible Health Information



National Institutes of Health

The Nation's Medical Research Agency

Office of AIDS Research (OAR)

<http://www.oar.nih.gov/>

The Office of AIDS Research coordinates the scientific, budgetary, legislative, and policy elements of the NIH AIDS research program. Through its annual comprehensive trans-NIH planning, budgeting, and portfolio assessment processes, OAR sets scientific priorities, enhances collaboration, and ensures that research dollars are invested in the highest priority areas of scientific opportunity that will lead to new tools in the global fight against AIDS.

AIDSinfo

<http://aidsinfo.nih.gov/>

Offering information on HIV/SIDA
Treatment, Prevention and Research



National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases

Leading research to understand, treat, and prevent infectious, immunologic, and allergic diseases.

National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases

Leading research to

understand, treat, and prevent infectious, immunologic, and allergic diseases.

<http://www3.niaid.nih.gov/about/organization/daims>

U.S. National Library of Medicine

(National Institutes of Health)

HIV/AIDS Information

<http://sis.nlm.nih.gov/hiv.html>





National Prevention Information Network : HIV/AIDS
<http://www.cdcnpin.org/scripts/hiv/index.asp>

About NPIN

The CDC National Prevention Information Network (NPIN) is the U.S. reference and referral service for information on HIV/AIDS, viral hepatitis, sexually transmitted diseases (STDs), and tuberculosis (TB). NPIN collects, catalogs, processes, and electronically disseminates materials and information on HIV/AIDS, viral hepatitis, STDs, and TB to organizations and people working in those disease fields in international, national, state, and local settings. All NPIN services are designed to facilitate sharing of information and resources on education and prevention services, published materials, research findings, and trends among users.

Additional Resources



THE GLOBAL FUND
<http://www.theglobalfund.org/EN/>

The Global Fund to Fight AIDS, Tuberculosis and Malaria was created to dramatically increase resources to fight three of the world's most devastating diseases, and to direct those resources to areas of greatest need.

The Global Fund is a unique global public/private partnership dedicated to attracting and disbursing additional resources to prevent and treat HIV/AIDS, tuberculosis and malaria. This partnership between governments, civil society, the private sector and affected communities represents a new approach to international health financing. The Global Fund works in close collaboration with other bilateral and multilateral organizations to supplement existing efforts dealing with the three diseases.

Since its creation in 2002, the Global Fund has become the main source of finance for programs to fight AIDS, tuberculosis and malaria, with approved funding of US\$ 18.4 billion for more than 572 programs in 140 countries. It provides a quarter of all international financing for AIDS globally, two-thirds for tuberculosis and three quarters for malaria.

Global Fund financing is enabling countries to strengthen health systems by, for example, making improvements to infrastructure and providing training to those who deliver services. The Global Fund remains committed to working in partnership to scale up the fight against the diseases and to realize its vision – a world free of the burden of AIDS, TB and malaria.



**UNAIDS Joint UN programme on
HIV/AIDS**
<http://www.unaids.org/en/>

UNAIDS, the Joint United Nations Programme on HIV/AIDS, is an innovative joint venture of the United Nations family, bringing together the efforts and resources of ten UN system organizations in the AIDS response to help the world prevent new HIV infections, care for people living with HIV, and mitigate the impact of the epidemic.

With its headquarters in Geneva, Switzerland, the UNAIDS Secretariat works on the ground in more than 80 countries worldwide. Coherent action on AIDS by the UN system is coordinated in countries through the UN theme groups, and the joint programmes on AIDS.

Cosponsors include UNHCR, UNICEF, WFP, UNDP, UNFPA, UNODC, ILO, UNESCO, WHO and the World Bank.

UNAIDS helps mount and support an expanded response to AIDS – one that engages the efforts of many sectors and partners from government and civil society.

WORLD HEALTH ORGANIZATION
<http://www.who.int/hiv/en/>



WHO is the directing and coordinating authority for health within the United Nations system. It is responsible for providing leadership on global health matters, shaping the health research agenda, setting norms and standards, articulating evidence-based policy options, providing technical support to countries and monitoring and assessing health trends.



MEDLINE PLUS

<http://medlineplus.gov/>

Health professionals and consumers alike can depend on Medline Plus for information that is authoritative and up to date. MedlinePlus has extensive information from the National Library of Medicine (the world's largest medical library), the National Institutes of Health and other government agencies and health-related organizations on over 800 diseases and conditions. There are directories, a medical encyclopedia and a medical dictionary, easy-to-understand tutorials on common conditions, tests, and treatments, health information in Spanish, extensive

information on prescription and nonprescription drugs, health information from the media, and links to thousands of clinical trials. MedlinePlus is updated daily.

AIDS

<http://www.nlm.nih.gov/medlineplus/aids.html>

AIDS and Infections

<http://www.nlm.nih.gov/medlineplus/aidsandinfections.html>

AIDS and pregnancy

<http://www.nlm.nih.gov/medlineplus/aidsandpregnancy.html>

AIDS Medicines

<http://www.nlm.nih.gov/medlineplus/aidsmedicines.html>

Living with AIDS

<http://www.nlm.nih.gov/medlineplus/aidslivingwithaids.html>

Readings and Online Resources about Vaccines, Research, and Routine Immunization Programs (from eJournal Lifesaving Vaccines, IIP, March 2007)

International AIDS Vaccine Initiative

<http://www.iavi.org>

The International AIDS Vaccine Initiative (IAVI) is a nonprofit organization operating in 23 countries and working to speed the search for a vaccine to prevent HIV infection and AIDS.

AIDS Vaccine Advocacy Coalition

<http://www.avac.org>

Founded in 1995, the nonprofit AIDS Vaccine Advocacy Coalition (AVAC) seeks to promote accelerated research and global delivery of AIDS vaccines.

Center for HIV-AIDS Vaccine Immunology

<http://chavi.org/>

The Center for HIV-AIDS Vaccine Immunology (CHAVI) is a consortium of universities and academic medical centers established by the National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases to solve problems in HIV vaccine development and design.

Recursos en Español

Sitios Web



Centros para el Control y la Prevención de Enfermedades – Departamento de Salud y Servicios Humanos <http://www.cdc.gov/hiv/spanish/default.htm>



U.S. National Library of Medicine
(National Institutes of Health)
HIV/AIDS Information
ESPAÑOL

<http://sis.nlm.nih.gov/hiv/spanish.html>

La página Web del VIH/SIDA con enlaces en español es una lista acumulativa de todos los recursos en español sobre el VIH/SIDA que se encuentran en el sitio Web de los Servicios Especializados de Información sobre el VIH/SIDA de la Biblioteca Nacional de Medicina. La lista está ordenada alfabéticamente para que usted pueda encontrar lo que busca de una forma rápida y fácil. Además encontrará una lista de recursos en español al final de cada página relacionada con un tema específico.

infoSIDA

<http://aidsinfo.nih.gov/infoSIDA/>

Ofrece información sobre Tratamiento, Prevención e Investigación del VIH/SIDA



CENTRO NACIONAL DE PREVENCIÓN E INFORMACIÓN

<http://www.cdcnpin.org/scripts/espanol/index.asp>

Este sitio ofrece la colección de recursos e información más grande de la nación sobre el VIH/SIDA, Hepatitis Viral, ETS y Tuberculosis (TB).



Invirtiendo en nuestro futuro

El Fondo Mundial

De lucha contra el SIDA, la tuberculosis y la malaria

incrementar radicalmente los recursos destinados a la lucha contra tres de las enfermedades más devastadoras del planeta y para dirigir esos recursos a las áreas más necesitadas.

EL FORO MUNDIAL

<http://www.theglobalfund.org/es/?lang=es>

El Fondo Mundial de Lucha contra el SIDA, la Tuberculosis y la Malaria fue creado para



ONUSIDA
PROGRAMA CONJUNTO DE LAS NACIONES UNIDAS SOBRE EL VIH/SIDA

ACNUR
ONUDD
UNICEF
PMA
PNUD
UNFPA
OIT
UNESCO
OMS
BANCO MUNDIAL

ONUSIDA

Programa Conjunto de las Naciones Unidas sobre el VIH/SIDA
Uniendo al mundo contra el SIDA
<http://www.unaids.org/es/default.asp>



Organización Mundial de la Salud

ORGANIZACION MUNDIAL DE LA SALUD

<http://www.who.int/hiv/es/index.html>

En su calidad de autoridad directora y coordinadora en materia de salud internacional, la Organización Mundial de la Salud (OMS) lidera, dentro del sistema de las Naciones Unidas, la respuesta mundial del sector sanitario al VIH/SIDA. El Departamento de VIH/SIDA presta apoyo técnico y basado en pruebas científicas a los Estados Miembros de la OMS para ayudarlos a expandir los servicios de tratamiento, atención y prevención aplicando una perspectiva amplia del sector de la salud, así como a articular una respuesta integral y sostenible contra el VIH/SIDA.



MEDLINE PLUS: SIDA

<http://www.nlm.nih.gov/medlineplus/spanish/aids.html>

MedlinePlus le ayuda encontrar las respuestas que usted busca en temas de salud. MedlinePlus ha recopilado la información más confiable proveniente de fuentes autorizadas tales como la Biblioteca Nacional de Medicina y los Institutos Nacionales de la Salud, así como otras agencias gubernamentales y organizaciones de servicios para la salud. MedlinePlus también le ofrece mucha información sobre medicamentos, una enciclopedia médica ilustrada, programas interactivos para el paciente y las más recientes noticias acerca de la salud.